# **COVER SHEET**

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1	TRISTAN JOHN T. DE GUZMAN           (Contact Person)         (Company Telephone Number)           SEC Form         1 7 - Q           0 4 2 4												4																			
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# **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

# SEC FORM 17-Q

# QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1.	For the quarterly period ended 30 September 2025
2.	Commission Identification Number <u>163671</u>
3.	BIR Tax Identification No. <u>000-804-342-000</u>
4.	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp.
5.	Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization Metro Manila, Philippines
6.	Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
7.	Address of issuer's principal office and postal code  3 <sup>rd</sup> Floor Glorietta 5, Ayala Center, Makati City 1224
8.	Issuer's telephone number, including area code (632) 8884-1106
9.	Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report: <b>N/A</b>
10	. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (As of 31 October 2025)
	Title of each Class Common shares  Number of shares of common stock outstanding 6,301,591,987
	Amount of Debt Outstanding Outstanding Bank Loans (consolidated) P3.5 billion
11	. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange? Yes [X] No []
	If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:
	Philippine Stock Exchange Common
12	. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
	(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12 months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)
	Yes [X] No []
	(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.
	Yes [X] No []

#### **PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

#### Item 1. Financial Statements

Please see attached.

# Item 2. Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## **Consolidated Results of Operations**

For the third quarter ended 30 September 2025, AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC) posted consolidated revenues of P749.7 million, which was 45% lower than P1,358.0 million last year, while cost and expenses decreased by 40% to P587.8 million versus P985.8 million year-on-year. Net loss was at P23.9 million lower than P204.1 million net income same period last year, mainly due to the decrease in industrial lot sales for the period.

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2025, consolidated revenues amounted to P2,576.6 million, down by 36% compared to P4,006.9 million from last year. Cost and expenses stood at P1,908.9 million, a 33% decrease from P2,836.3 million in the previous year. Consolidated net income for the Group is currently at P81.4 million, an 87% decline from P617.4 million from last year mainly attributable to the lower revenues.

Earnings per share for the period ended 30 September 2025 was at P0.01 versus P0.10 for the same period last year.

#### By Business Segment

Table below shows the revenues per segment for the comparative nine-month period ended 30 September 2025 and 30 September 2024:

	Aı	mount – P' milli	on	
Segment	2025	2024	2025 vs	Change
			2024	
Real estate sales	1,113.8	2,607.7	(1,493.9)	(57%)
Rental and storage				
services	1,453.2	1,399.2	54.0	4%
Others	9.6	-	9.6	100%
Total	2,576.6	4,006.9	(1,430.3)	(36%)

- a) As of 30 September 2025, landbank was at 177 hectares.
- b) Rental revenues were attributed to:
  - b.1) Warehouse leasing revenues for the quarter amounted at P198.6 million, an increase of 6% from P186.7 million from prior period.

For the first nine months of 2025, warehousing leasing revenues posted at P559.4 million, a slight decrease of 1% from P566.0 million last year.

Total GLA for warehouse leasing was at 379,000 square meters (sqm.) as of 30 September 2025.

b.2) Commercial leasing revenues for the quarter were at P225.2 million, an increase of 5% versus last year's P213.7 million.

For the nine-month period, commercial leasing revenues were P691.7 million compared to P680.1 million last year, or a 2% improvement, driven by the increase in occupancy.

Commercial leasing's GLA was at 94,000 sqm. as of 30 September 2025.

b.3) Cold storage services posted revenues of P80.6 million for the quarter versus P60.9 million for the same period last year.

For the nine-month period, cold storage generated P202.1 million revenues compared P153.1 million last year or an improvement of 32%. The increase was attributable to the opening of the new cold storage sites.

Total pallet position count as of 30 September 2025 was at 31,500 pallet position.

c) Other revenues was at P9.6 million as of 30 September 2025 from sale of a noncore asset.

#### Laguna Technopark, Inc.

For the third quarter, LTI's revenues decreased by 60% to P354.4 million from last year's P897.0 million mainly due to fewer lot sales. Cost and expenses also declined by 57% to P251.7 million from P583.7 million for the same period last year. Net income for the third quarter decreased to P70.1 million or 73% versus P261.7 million last year mainly attributable to the significant decline in industrial lot sales.

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2025, revenues decreased by 67% to P882.1 million from last year's P2,666.2 million. Cost and expenses also declined by 63% to P651.9 million. Net income was P179.5 million or 75% lower than last year's P716.5 million, mainly due to lower industrial lot sales.

## ALogis Artico, Inc. (AAI)

For the third quarter of 2025, AAI posted P94.3 million revenues higher than P82.8 million net income for the same period last year. Cost and expenses for the quarter was P69.2 million or an 4% increase versus last year's P66.5 million. Net loss for this quarter is at P14.1 million as compared to P0.9 million net loss year-on-year.

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2025, AAI posted revenues of P227.8 million or a 4% decrease over last year's P237.5 million. Cost and expenses amounted to P187.4 million or a 33% increase compared to last year's P140.7 million. Net loss was registered at P55.3 million over P19.0 million net income year-on-year.

#### **Unity Realty & Development Corporation (URDC)**

For the third quarter of 2025, URDC posted P20.6 million revenues or a 90% decrease compared the same period last year's P200.2 million. Cost and expenses for the quarter was P38.5 million versus last year's P100.3 million. Net loss for this quarter was registered at P54.8 million from a net income of P65.3 million for the same period last year.

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2025, revenues registered at P626.1 million or a 20% increase over last year's P520.5 million. Cost and expenses amounted to P305.9 million or a 15% increase compared to last year's P265.4 million. Net income was at P126.8 million or a 23% decrease over last year's P165.7 million.

#### **Tutuban Properties, Inc. (TPI)**

Revenues for the third quarter of 2025 stood at P146.9 million versus last year's P141.3 million or 4% increase. Cost and expenses this quarter increased by 1% to P106.3 million from P105.6 million last year. Net income was at P10.1 million versus P10.7 million for the same period last year.

As of 30 September 2025, revenues were at P448.7 million or 1% decrease from last year's P453.7 million. Cost and expenses posted at P314.1 million or 1% higher than last year's P311.3 million. Net income registered at P44.5 million or 20% lower from last year's net income of P55.9 million.

## **LCI Commercial Ventures, Inc. (LCVI)**

Revenues for the third quarter were at P52.3 million or 11% higher than last year's P47.1 million. Cost and expenses were posted at P27.8 million, which was 18% lower compared to P34.1 million for same period last year. Net income for the quarter was posted at P9.6 million compared to last year's net income of P0.6 million.

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2025, revenues were at P139.3 million or 1% lower than P140.1 million as of 30 September 2024. Cost and expenses were posted at P86.3 million versus last year's P85.2 million. Year-to-date net income was at P11.2 million, down from last year's net income of P13.6 million.

## Orion Land Inc. (OLI)

For the third quarter of 2025, total revenues were posted at P81.3 million compared to P72.3 million last year or a 12% increase. Cost and expenses were recorded at P83.6 million which was 9% higher than last year's P76.5 million. OLI posted a net income of P4.8 million versus net income of P3.0 million in the same period last year.

On year-to-date, revenues were at P243.0 million or a 7% increase than the previous year's P226.4 million. Cost and expenses were at P252.0 million or a 6% increase compared to last year's P238.2 million. Net income was at P11.1 million compared to P7.0 million net income of last year.

# **Financial Condition**

Total Assets of the Group registered at P32.4 billion as of 30 September 2025 or a 5% increase from P30.7 billion as of 31 December 2024. This was on account of increase from investment in joint venture, investment properties and property and equipment.

Total Liabilities as of 30 September 2025 was P17.4 billion, or 10% higher than the P15.9 billion as of 31 December 2024 mainly due to intercompany payables and additional short-term debts.

Total Equity was registered at P15.0 billion, 1% higher than P14.9 billion as of 31 December 2024. This was mainly attributable to the net income for the nine-month period.

## Financing Through Loans

As of 30 September 2025, the Group had outstanding loans from a financial institution amounting to P3.5 billion.

The top 6 Key Performance Indicators of the Group were as follows:

Ratio	Formula	30 September 2025	30 September 2024	31 December 2024
Current Ratio	Current Assets	0.96:1	1.26:1	1.15: 1
	Current Liabilities	11,258,684/ 11,715,259	10,843,028/ 8,639,745	11,320,682 / 9,846,345
Debt to Equity Ratio	Total Liabilities	1.16:1	0.99:1	1.07: 1
	<u>Equity</u>	17,399,409/ 14,968,787	14,629,080/ 14,773,340	15,854,863 / 14,884,433
Net Debt to Equity	Net Liabilities	1.02:1	0.84:1	0.92: 1
Ratio	<u>Equity</u>	15,283,960/ 14,968,787	12,390,829/ 14,773,340	13,624,071 / 14,884,433
Capital Adequacy	<u>Equity</u>	0.46:1	0.50: 1	0.48: 1
Ratio	Total Assets	14,968,787/ 32,368,196	14,773,340/ 24,402,420	14,884,433 / 30,739,296
Book Value per Share	<u>Equity</u>	2.38	2.34	2.36
	Total # of Shares	14,968,787/6,301,592	14,773,340/ 6,301,592	14,884,433/ 6,301,592
Income per Share	Net Income	0.01	0.10	0.11
	Total # of Shares	81,437/ 6,252,148	617,381/ 6,252,148	700,756/ 6,252,148

**Current ratio** shows the Group's ability to meet its short-term financial obligation. As of 30 September 2025, the Group's current assets for every peso of current liabilities was at 0.96 from 1.15 as at 31 December 2024.

**Debt to Equity ratio** indicates the extent of the Group's debt which is covered by shareholders' fund. It reflects the relative position of the equity holders. The higher the ratio, the greater the risk being assumed by the creditors. A lower ratio generally indicates greater long-term financial safety. Compared to 31 December 2024, debt-to-equity ratio increased to 1.16.

**Net Debt to Equity ratio** is a measure of the Group's financial leverage. It is calculated by dividing net liabilities over Equity. Net liabilities is the difference of Total Liabilities less lease liabilities, deferred income tax liabilities and cash and cash equivalents. Compared to 31 December 2024, net debt-to-equity ratio increased to 1.02.

**Capital Adequacy Ratio** is computed by dividing the Total Stockholders' Equity over Total Assets. It measures the financial strength of the Group. As of 30 September 2025, the Group's Capital Adequacy Ratio was 0.46 compared to 31 December 2024, slightly lower compared to the same period last year.

**Book value per share** measures the recoverable amount in the event of liquidation if assets are realized at book value. The Group's book value per share as of 30 September 2025 was at P2.38 versus P2.36 as of 31 December 2024.

**Income per share** is calculated by dividing net income attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding. Income per share as of 30 September 2025 was P0.01 which was lower than P0.10 as of 30 September 2024 last year.

(i) Any known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on issuer's liability.

There are no known trends or any known demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Company and its subsidiaries' liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.

(ii) Events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Group, including any default or acceleration of an obligation

There are no known events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Group, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

(iii) Material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

There were no known off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), during the period.

(iv) Any material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments, and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures.

The Group's total spending in 2025 amounted to P2.8 billion of which 22% was spent for land development of industrial parks, 20% for commercial and leasing projects and 58% for land and building acquisition. This was financed through internally generated funds and intercompany borrowings.

(v) Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations should be described.

There are no known trends, events or uncertainties that have material impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations.

(vi) Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the registrant's continuing operations.

The Group did not recognize income or loss during the period that did not come from continuing operations.

# (vii) Causes of Any Material Changes from Period to Period of FS which shall include vertical and horizontal analyses of any material item (5%).

- a. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> increased by 9% to P265.3 million due to the cash generated from operating and financing activities.
- b. Receivables net of current portion decreased by 16% to P2.5 billion due to the sale and collection of receivables.
- c. Amounts owed by related parties net decreased by 8% to P857.8 million from P932.7 million as of 31 December 2024 attributable to the collection received from intercompany lending.
- d. Other current assets increased by P364.8 million to P1.8 billion or 25% higher compared to 31 December 2024 attributable to the advances from contractors and suppliers and input taxes related to construction.
- e. <u>Receivables net of current portion</u> decreased by 14% to P2.3 billion mainly driven by collection of long-term installment sales of industrial lots from customers.
- f. <u>Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</u> decreased by 5% to P143.7 million due to maturity of a debt security.
- g. <u>Investment in joint venture</u> increased by 78% to P1.3 billion mainly attributable to the additional equity infusion for the funding of construction.
- h. <u>Property and equipment, net</u> increased to P3.3 billion or 92% higher attributable to additional expansion projects.
- i. <u>Accounts payable & accrued expenses</u> increased by 15% to P2.6 billion. This was attributable to reclassification of nontrade payable to current portion.
- j. <u>Amounts owed to related parties</u> increased to P7.6 billion or 7% due to additional intercompany borrowings to fund the working capital.
- k. <u>Short-term debts and current portion of long-term debts</u> increased to P1.1 billion driven by additional borrowings to fund the leasing and construction activities.
- I. <u>Rental and other deposits</u> decreased to P343.0 million or 15% lower than previous year due to return of deposits to tenants.
- m. <u>Installment payable, net of current portion</u> decreased by 58% to P188.7 million from P444.4 million due to reclassification from non-current account to current account.
- n. <u>Income tax payable</u> increased to P7.2 million or 34% higher than previous year. This was attributable to the regular income tax due on real estate sales for the period versus last year's availment of income tax holiday.
- o. Rental and other deposits net of current portion increased to P601.0 or 30% higher due to renewal of security and rental deposits to tenants.
- p. <u>Lease liabilities net of current portion</u> decreased by 9% to P1.5 billion due to payment of lease liabilities.
- q. <u>Deferred income tax liabilities, net</u> decreased by 21% to P253.3 million due to the collection of deferred installment from real estate sales.

# (viii) Any seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

There are no known seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Breakdown on contribution of ALLHC's subsidiaries (on a per type of business basis) to ALLHC's net income as provided below:

 Parent company/holding
 - (211.16%)

 Real estate - commercial leasing and industrial lot sales and development
 - 386.59%

 Cold storage
 - (84.15%)

 Others
 - 8.72%

 100.00%

#### **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer:

AYALALAND LOGISTICS HOLDINGS CORP.

By:

TRISTAN JOHN T. DE GUZMAN
Chief Finance Officer/Compliance Officer
and Chief Risk Officer

Date: 13 November 2025

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
As at September 30, 2025
(With comparative figures as at December 31, 2024)
(All amounts in thousands of Philippine Peso)

	Notes	(Unaudited) September 30	(Audited) December 31
		2025	2024
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	265,254	242,677
Receivables, net	3	2,501,436	2,989,124
Real estate held for development and sale, net	4	5,824,048	5,705,925
Amounts owed by related parties	15	857,819	932,702
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	-	4,906
Other current assets	7	1,810,127	1,445,348
Total current assets		11,258,684	11,320,682
Non-current assets			
Receivables, net of current portion	3	2,268,509	2,639,047
Financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	5	143,718	151,284
Investment in joint venture	8	1,315,430	737,607
Right-of-use of asset, net	23	951,541	999,762
Investment properties, net	9	12,178,892	12,208,487
Property and equipment, net	10	3,270,149	1,702,781
Net pension assets	20	1,519	1,519
Deferred tax assets, net		190,893	182,112
Other non-current assets	7	788,861	796,015
Total non-current assets		21,109,512	19,418,614
Total assets		32,368,196	30,739,296
Liabilities and E	quity		
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11	2,577,838	2,250,617
Amounts owed to related parties	15	7,588,477	7,124,850
Short-term debts and current portion of long-term debts	12	1,124,800	24,800
Income tax payable		7,239	5,390
Lease liabilities	23	73,928	36,014
Rental and other deposits	13	342,977	404,674
Total current liabilities		11,715,259	9,846,345
Non-current liabilities			
Installment payable, net of current portion	11	188,679	444,360
Long-term debts, net of current portion	12	2,403,784	2,421,089
Rental and other deposits, net of current portion	13	600,993	461,308
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	23	1,522,945	1,677,432
Deferred income tax liabilities, net		253,322	274,669
Other non-current liabilities	16	714,427	729,660
Total non-current liabilities		5,684,150	6,008,518
Total liabilities		17,399,409	15,854,863

As at September 30, 2025 (With comparative figures as at December 31, 2024) (All amounts in thousands of Philippine Peso)

# (continued)

	NI - 4	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Notes	September 30	December 31
		2025	2024
Equity			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company			
Capital stock	14	6,215,227	6,214,328
Additional paid-in capital	14	6,024,344	6,023,733
Shares held by a subsidiary	14	(144,377)	(144,377)
Equity reserves	25	(1,693,307)	(1,693,307)
Other comprehensive losses, net	14	(911,898)	(912,544)
Retained earnings		5,208,199	5,126,762
		14,698,188	14,614,595
Non-controlling interests		270,599	269,838
Total equity		14,968,787	14,884,433
Total liabilities and equity		32,368,196	30,739,296

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
For the period ended September 30, 2025
(with comparative figures for the period ended September 30, 2024)
(All amounts in thousands of Philippine Peso except for earnings per share figure)

			(Unaud	lited)	
		THREE MON	ITHS ENDED	NINE MONTH	S ENDED
		Septemb	er 30	Septemb	er 30
	Notes	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues					
Real estate sales	21	245,275	896,700	1,113,847	2,607,693
Rental services	21	334,446	318,327	976,314	993,420
Cold storage services	21	80,581	60,884	202,072	153,060
Others	23	89,394	82,063	284,384	252,710
Others	20	749,696	1,357,974	2,576,617	4,006,883
Cost and expenses		143,030	1,007,074	2,010,011	4,000,000
Cost of real estate sales	17	140,967	584,499	600,995	1,680,923
Cost of rental services	17	268,956	266,481	859,505	835,024
Cost of storage services	17	97,433	38,037	195,565	94,727
Operating expenses	18	80,396	96,782	252,876	225,636
Орогания ехрепосо	10	587,752	985,799	1,908,941	2,836,310
Other charges, net		001,102	500,100	1,000,041	2,000,010
Interest expense and bank charges, net	19	(169,051)	(94,964)	(509,171)	(408,612)
Provision for probable losses	24	(5,928)	(36,728)	(11,069)	(48,861)
Miscellaneous income (charges)	19	1,827	(17,893)	46,843	(40,757)
Wilderiane das inserne (charges)	10	(173,152)	(149,585)	(473,397)	(498,230)
Income (loss) before income tax		(11,208)	222,590	194,279	672,343
Income tax expense		12,652	18,533	112,842	54,962
Net income (loss) for the year		(23,860)	204,057	81,437	617,381
Net income (1033) for the year		(23,000)	204,007	01,437	017,301
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Parent Company		(24,421)	204,325	82,066	617,502
Non-controlling interests		561	(268)	(629)	(121)
Tren denti enting interecte		(23,860)	204,057	81,437	617,381
		(20,000)	201,007	01,101	017,001
Earnings per share					
Basic and diluted, for income for the					
year attributable to ordinary equity					
holders of the Parent Company	22	(0.00)	0.03	0.01	0.10
notable of the Farent Company		(0.00)	0.00	0.01	5.10

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
For the period ended September 30, 2025
(with comparative figures for the period ended September 30, 2024)
(All amounts in thousands of Philippine Peso except for earnings per share figure)

			(Unaud	ited)	
		THREE MONT	HS ENDED	NINE MONT	HS ENDED
		Septemb	er 30	Septem	ber 30
	Notes	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net income (loss)		(23,860)	204,057	81,437	617,381
Other comprehensive income					
Items that may not be reclassified to profit or					
loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gain on equity financial assets					
at fair value through other					
comprehensive income	5	10	612	646	937
Total comprehensive income (loss)		(23,850)	204,669	82,083	618,318
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Parent Company		(24,170)	204,111	82,861	617,288
Non-controlling interests		(320)	558	(778)	1,030
		(23,850)	204,669	82,083	618,318

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
For the period ended September 30, 2025
(with comparative figures for the period ended September 30, 2024)
(All amounts in thousands of Philippine Peso)

				Attributable to ed	uity holders of the	Parent Company				
	Notes	Capital stock (Note 14)	Additional paid-in capital (Note 14)	Shares held by a subsidiary (Note 14)	Equity reserves (Note 25)	Other comprehensive losses, net (Note 14)	Retained Earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balances at January 1, 2025		6,214,328	6,023,733	(144,377)	(1,693,307)	(912,544)	5,126,762	14,614,595	269,838	14,884,433
Comprehensive income										
Net income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	81,437	81,437	629	82,066
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	646	-	646	132	778
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	646	81,437	82,083	761	82,844
Transactions with owners Proceeds from share subscriptions Transfer of realized valuation increment	14	899	611	-	-	-	-	1,510	-	1,510
Total transactions with owners		899	611	-			<del>-</del>	1,510		1,510
Balances at September 30, 2025		6,215,227	6,024,344	(144,377)	(1,693,307)	(911,898)	5,208,199	14,698,188	270,599	14,968,78

				Attributable to eq	uity holders of the	Parent Company				
	Notes	Capital stock (Note 14)	Additional paid-in capital (Note 14)	Shares held by a subsidiary (Note 14)	Equity reserves (Note 25)	Other comprehensive losses, net (Note 14)	Retained Earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balances at January 1, 2024, as previously restated		6,209,956	6,020,760	(144,377)	(1,693,307)	(928,145)	4,171,573	13,636,460	270,749	13,907,209
Adoption of PFRS 15 covered by PIC Q&A 2018-12-D		_	-	-	-	-	247,251	247,251	-	247,251
Balance at January 1, 2024, as restated		6,209,956	6,020,760	(144,377)	(1,693,307)	(928,145)	4,418,824	13,883,711	270,749	14,154,460
Comprehensive income Net income for the year Other comprehensive income for the year		- -	-	-	:	- 1,151	617,502	617,502 1,151	(121) (214)	617,381 937
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	1,151	617,502	618,653	(335)	618,318
Transactions with owners Proceeds from share subscriptions Transfer of realized valuation increment	14	335	227	-	- -	- -	- -	562	- -	562
Total transactions with owners		335	227	-	-	-	-	562	-	562
Balances at September 30, 2024		6,210,291	6,020,987	(144,377)	(1,693,307)	(927,820)	5,036,326	14,502,926	270,414	14,773,340

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the period ended September 30, 2025
(with comparative figures for the period ended September 30, 2024)
(All amounts in thousands of Philippine Peso)

Cash flows from operating activities         Notes         2025         2024           Cash flows from operating activities         194,279         672,343           Adjustments for:         Depreciation and amortization         (other than right-of-use assets)         7,9,10,17,18         398,428         339,970           Interest expense and bank charges         19         543,582         442,608           Depreciation of right-of-use assets         17,23         49,444         49,625           Provision for probable losses         24         11,069         83,903           (Reversal) of impairment losses on receivables         3         6,366         11,334           Equity in net loss of joint ventures         19         15,177            Unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL         6         (35)         (85)           Interest income         19         (34,411)         (33,993           Operating income before working capital changes         1,183,899         1,565,702           Increase (decrease) in:         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         7,49         3,503           Other current assets         7,49         3,503			NINE MONTHS SEPTEMBE	
Income before income tax   Adjustments for:   State   State		Notes	2025	2024
Adjustments for:     Depreciation and amortization     (other than right-of-use assets)				
Depreciation and amortization (other than right-of-use assets)	Income before income tax		194,279	672,343
(other than right-of-use assets)         7,9,10,17,18         398,428         339,970           Interest expense and bank charges         19         543,582         442,608           Depreciation of right-of-use assets         17,23         49,444         49,625           Provision for probable losses         24         11,069         83,903           (Reversal) of impairment losses on receivables         3         6,366         11,334           Equity in net loss of joint ventures         19         15,177         1-           Unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL         6         (35)         (85)           Interest income         19         (34,411)         (33,996)           Operating income before working capital changes         1,183,899         1,565,702           Increase (decrease) in:         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958<	,			
Interest expense and bank charges   19	Depreciation and amortization			
Depreciation of right-of-use assets         17,23         49,444         49,625           Provision for probable losses         24         11,069         83,903           (Reversal) of impairment losses on receivables         3         6,366         11,334           Equity in net loss of joint ventures         19         15,177         -           Unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL         6         (35)         (85)           Interest income         19         (34,411)         (33,996)           Operating income before working capital changes         1,183,899         1,565,702           Increase (decrease) in:         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other current assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows gener		7,9,10,17,18		,
Provision for probable losses         24         11,069         83,903           (Reversal) of impairment losses on receivables         3         6,366         11,334           Equity in net loss of joint ventures         19         15,177         15,177           Unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL         6         (35)         (85)           Interest income         19         (34,411)         (33,996)           Operating income before working capital changes         1,183,899         1,565,702           Increase (decrease) in:         851,859         (521,391)           Receivables         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received			•	
(Reversal) of impairment losses on receivables         3         6,366         11,334           Equity in net loss of joint ventures         19         15,177         -           Unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL         6         (35)         (85)           Interest income         19         (34,411)         (33,996)           Operating income before working capital changes         1,183,899         1,565,702           Increase (decrease) in:         851,859         (521,391)           Receivables         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,9		17,23		
Equity in net loss of joint ventures         19         15,177         -           Unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL         6         (35)         (85)           Interest income         19         (34,411)         (33,996)           Operating income before working capital changes         1,183,899         1,565,702           Increase (decrease) in:         851,859         (521,391)           Receivables         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Increase typic         (122,675)         (121,260)           Incre		24	11,069	
Unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL Interest income         6 (35) (34,411)         (33,996) (33,996)           Operating income before working capital changes Increase (decrease) in:         1,183,899         1,565,702           Receivables         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Income tax paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Net additions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,		3	6,366	11,334
Interest income   19 (34,411) (33,996)     Operating income before working capital changes   1,183,899   1,565,702     Increase (decrease) in:   Receivables   851,859   (521,391)     Real estate held for sale and development   (118,124)   321,380     Other current assets   (364,779)   559,045     Other noncurrent assets   7,149   3,503     Decrease (increase) in:     207,956   (175,141)     Amounts owed by (to) related parties   195,327   -		19	15,177	-
Operating income before working capital changes Increase (decrease) in:         1,183,899         1,565,702           Receivables         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property an	Unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL	6	(35)	
Increase (decrease) in:   Receivables		19		
Receivables         851,859         (521,391)           Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         (72,855)         (293,354)           Investment in properties         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10 <td< td=""><td>Operating income before working capital changes</td><td></td><td>1,183,899</td><td>1,565,702</td></td<>	Operating income before working capital changes		1,183,899	1,565,702
Real estate held for sale and development         (118,124)         321,380           Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         (10,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in properties         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments <td>Increase (decrease) in:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Increase (decrease) in:			
Other current assets         (364,779)         559,045           Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Net additions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10         (1,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in joint venture         8         (593,000)         (83,000)	Receivables		851,859	(521,391)
Other noncurrent assets         7,149         3,503           Decrease (increase) in:         207,956         (175,141)           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Net additions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10         (1,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in joint venture         8         (593,000)         (83,000)           Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments         13,141         - <td>Real estate held for sale and development</td> <td></td> <td>(118,124)</td> <td>321,380</td>	Real estate held for sale and development		(118,124)	321,380
Decrease (increase) in:           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         207,956         (175,141)           Amounts owed by (to) related parties         195,327         -           Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Net additions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         Investment in properties         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10         (1,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in joint venture         8         (593,000)         (83,000)           Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments         13,141         -	Other current assets			559,045
Accounts payable and accrued expenses       207,956       (175,141)         Amounts owed by (to) related parties       195,327       -         Rental and other deposits       79,396       53,958         Other noncurrent liabilities       (15,233)       -         Net cash flows generated from operations       2,027,450       1,807,056         Interest received       32,298       14,976         Interest paid       (122,675)       (121,260)         Income tax paid       (140,495)       (105,845)         Net cash generated from operating activities       1,796,578       1,594,927         Cash flows from investing activities       (72,855)       (293,354)         Acquisitions to amounts owed by related parties       (72,855)       (293,354)         Acquisitions of:       9       (542,513)       (531,401)         Property and equipment       10       (1,613,101)       (407,270)         Investment in joint venture       8       (593,000)       (83,000)         Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments       13,141       -	Other noncurrent assets		7,149	3,503
Amounts owed by (to) related parties       195,327       -         Rental and other deposits       79,396       53,958         Other noncurrent liabilities       (15,233)       -         Net cash flows generated from operations       2,027,450       1,807,056         Interest received       32,298       14,976         Interest paid       (122,675)       (121,260)         Income tax paid       (140,495)       (105,845)         Net cash generated from operating activities       1,796,578       1,594,927         Cash flows from investing activities       (72,855)       (293,354)         Acquisitions to amounts owed by related parties       (72,855)       (293,354)         Acquisitions of:       9       (542,513)       (531,401)         Property and equipment       10       (1,613,101)       (407,270)         Investment in joint venture       8       (593,000)       (83,000)         Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments       13,141       -	Decrease (increase) in:			
Rental and other deposits         79,396         53,958           Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10         (1,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in joint venture         8         (593,000)         (83,000)           Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments         13,141         -	Accounts payable and accrued expenses		207,956	(175,141)
Other noncurrent liabilities         (15,233)         -           Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10         (1,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in joint venture         8         (593,000)         (83,000)           Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments         13,141         -				-
Net cash flows generated from operations         2,027,450         1,807,056           Interest received         32,298         14,976           Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10         (1,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in joint venture         8         (593,000)         (83,000)           Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments         13,141         -	Rental and other deposits		79,396	53,958
Interest received   32,298   14,976   Interest paid   (122,675)   (121,260)   Income tax paid   (140,495)   (105,845)   Net cash generated from operating activities   1,796,578   1,594,927   Cash flows from investing activities   (72,855)   (293,354)   Acquisitions to amounts owed by related parties   (72,855)   (293,354)   Acquisitions of:   Investment in properties   9   (542,513)   (531,401)   Property and equipment   10   (1,613,101)   (407,270)   Investment in joint venture   8   (593,000)   (83,000)   Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments   13,141   -	Other noncurrent liabilities		(15,233)	-
Interest paid         (122,675)         (121,260)           Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Net additions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10         (1,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in joint venture         8         (593,000)         (83,000)           Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments         13,141         -	Net cash flows generated from operations		2,027,450	1,807,056
Income tax paid         (140,495)         (105,845)           Net cash generated from operating activities         1,796,578         1,594,927           Cash flows from investing activities         (72,855)         (293,354)           Net additions to amounts owed by related parties         (72,855)         (293,354)           Acquisitions of:         9         (542,513)         (531,401)           Property and equipment         10         (1,613,101)         (407,270)           Investment in joint venture         8         (593,000)         (83,000)           Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments         13,141         -	Interest received		32,298	14,976
Net cash generated from operating activities1,796,5781,594,927Cash flows from investing activities(72,855)(293,354)Net additions to amounts owed by related parties(72,855)(293,354)Acquisitions of:9(542,513)(531,401)Investment in properties9(1,613,101)(407,270)Investment in joint venture8(593,000)(83,000)Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments13,141-	Interest paid		(122,675)	(121,260)
Cash flows from investing activitiesNet additions to amounts owed by related parties(72,855)(293,354)Acquisitions of:9(542,513)(531,401)Investment in properties9(1,613,101)(407,270)Investment in joint venture8(593,000)(83,000)Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments13,141-	Income tax paid		(140,495)	(105,845)
Cash flows from investing activitiesNet additions to amounts owed by related parties(72,855)(293,354)Acquisitions of:9(542,513)(531,401)Investment in properties9(1,613,101)(407,270)Investment in joint venture8(593,000)(83,000)Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments13,141-	Net cash generated from operating activities		1,796,578	1,594,927
Acquisitions of:       9       (542,513)       (531,401)         Investment in properties       9       (542,513)       (531,401)         Property and equipment       10       (1,613,101)       (407,270)         Investment in joint venture       8       (593,000)       (83,000)         Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments       13,141       -			, ,	<u> </u>
Acquisitions of:       9       (542,513)       (531,401)         Investment in properties       9       (542,513)       (531,401)         Property and equipment       10       (1,613,101)       (407,270)         Investment in joint venture       8       (593,000)       (83,000)         Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments       13,141       -	Net additions to amounts owed by related parties		(72,855)	(293,354)
Property and equipment 10 (1,613,101) (407,270) Investment in joint venture 8 (593,000) Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments 13,141 -			, , ,	, ,
Property and equipment 10 (1,613,101) (407,270) Investment in joint venture 8 (593,000) Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments 13,141 -		9	(542,513)	(531,401)
Investment in joint venture 8 (593,000) Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments 13,141		10		
Proceeds from maturity and sale of investments 13,141 -				
				-
				(1,315,025)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the period ended September 30, 2025 (with comparative figures for the period ended September 30, 2024) (All amounts in thousands of Philippine Peso)

# (continued)

	Notes	NINE MONTHS SEPTEMBE	
		2025	2024
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payments of loan	12	(18,600)	(14,850)
Proceeds from share subscriptions, net	14	1,509	562
Net amount owed to related parties	15	175,895	(314,082)
Proceeds from loan availment	12	1,100,000	· -
Payments of lease liabilities	23	(224,477)	(14,371)
Net cash flows generated from (used) in financing activities		1,034,327	(342,741)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		22,577	(62,839)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		242,677	214,713
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	265,254	151,874

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
As at and for the period ended September 30, 2025
(with comparative figures for the year ended December 31, 2024 and for the period ended September 30, 2024)
(In the notes, all amounts are shown in Philippine Peso unless otherwise stated)

## 1 Corporate and Group information

## 1.1 Corporate information

AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC; the "Parent Company") was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on May 19, 1989. The Parent Company's registered office address is 3rd Level Glorietta 5, Ayala Center, Makati City. The Parent Company is a subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI). ALI's parent company is Ayala Corporation (AC). AC is 47.69% owned by Mermac, Inc. and the rest by the public as at September 30, 2025. Both ALI and AC are publicly-listed companies incorporated in the Philippines. The Parent Company is listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange.

ALLHC and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as "the Group", have principal business interests in holding companies, industrial lot development and sale, warehouse and commercial leasing and cold storage services.

#### 1.2 Group Information

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company and the following subsidiaries of the Group:

		Percentage of	Ownership
		September	December
Subsidiaries	Nature of business	30, 2025	31, 2024
Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI)	Real estate development	100%	100%
	and warehouse leasing		
ALogis Artico Inc. (AAI), formerly Ecozone Power	Warehouse leasing	100%	100%
Management, Inc. (EPMI)	and cold storage services		
Unity Realty & Development Corporation (URDC)	Real estate development	100%	100%
Orion Land, Inc. (OLI)	Commercial leasing	100%	100%
Tutuban Properties, Inc. (TPI)	Commercial leasing	100%	100%
TPI Holdings Corporation (TPIHC)**	Investment holding company	100%	100%
Orion Property Development, Inc. (OPDI)	Real estate development	100%	100%
Orion Beverage, Inc. (OBI)*	Manufacturing	100%	100%
LCI Commercial Ventures, Inc. (LCVI)	Warehouse leasing	100%	100%
Luck Hock Venture Holdings, Inc. (LHVHI)**	Other business activities	60%	60%
Orion Maxis, Inc. (OMI)*	Marketing and	100%	100%
	administrative services		
Orion I Holdings Philippines, Inc. (OIHPI)**	Financial holding company	100%	100%
FLT Prime Insurance Corporation (FPIC)*	Non-life insurance company	78.77%	78.77%
A-FLOW Land I Corp (A-FLOW Land)	Real estate leasing	60.00%	60.00%
Orion Solutions, Inc. (OSI)*	Management information	100%	100%
, , ,	technology consultancy		
	services		

<sup>\*</sup> Inactive companies approved by their respective BOD for liquidation

All the entities in the Group are incorporated in the Philippines.

The voting rights held by the Parent Company in its investments in subsidiaries are in proportion to its ownership interest.

<sup>\*\*</sup>SEC approved shortening of corporate term

#### LTI

LTI was incorporated on November 15, 1990 and is based in Laguna. LTI develops industrial parks and leases ready-built factory units and sells industrial lots to local and company locators. In 2022, LTI acquired a property in Padre Garcia, Batangas for the development of the future Batangas Technopark. LTI is likewise into the construction and operation of standard factory buildings located in multiple sites in Laguna, Cavite, and Pampanga.

#### AAI

AAI, formerly EPMI, was incorporated on August 20, 2010, was engaged in retail electricity supply. In 2022, the Company gradually assigned its retail electricity business to focus on the industrial real estate business. On January 30, 2024, the SEC approved the Company's change of corporate name. The Company is registered with PEZA as an "ecozone facilities enterprise" at the Laguna Technopark Special Economic Zone in Biñan, Laguna and as a "domestic market enterprise" engaged in operation and maintenance of a warehouse building at Light Industry and Science Park III in Sto. Tomas, Batangas. At present, it is engaged in the operation of cold storage facilities.

#### **URDC**

URDC was acquired from previous individual stockholders on July 19, 2019. URDC owns a property in Pampanga which is currently being developed to be Pampanga Technopark, a world-class industrial township, which caters to light and medium, non-polluting enterprises, from both global and local markets.

#### OLI

OLI operates a commercial building composed of a 5-storey shopping center and a 6-storey business processing outsourcing office with a gross leasable area of 60,000 square meters located along National Road, Alabang, Muntinlupa City.

#### TPI

TPI operates the Tutuban Center, a 20-hectare commercial complex located in Manila City. The Tutuban Center will be the location of the North-South Railway Project (NSRP) Transfer Station which will interconnect with the LRT 2 West Station.

#### OPD

OPDI handles property development. Its present landholdings include properties in Batangas and Calamba.

#### LCVI

LCVI was a top manufacturer of ceramic floor and wall tiles in the Philippines and has a manufacturing plant in Laguna. In 2012, LCVI ceased its manufacturing operations and started renting out its warehouses in 2014.

#### A-FLOW Land

A-FLOW Land was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on August 12, 2022. On October 4, 2022, ALLHC entered into a subscription agreement with Flow Luna I Property Pte. Ltd (FLOW) representing 60% interest in A-FLOW Land. A-FLOW Land's primary purpose is to engage in the land leasing business.

#### 1.3 Approval of financial statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group as at September 30, 2025 (unaudited) and December 31, 2024 (audited), and for the period ended September 30, 2024 (unaudited) and December 31, 2024 were approved by the Parent Company's Audit Committee in a meeting dated October 30, 2025, and by the Board of Directors on February 14, 2025.

## 2 Cash and cash equivalents

Details of the account are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Cash on hand	517	407
Cash in bank	250,050	242,270
Cash equivalent	14,687	-
	265,254	242,677

Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates.

Cash equivalents pertain to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three (3) months or less from date of acquisition and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Interest earned from cash and cash equivalents amounted to P0.80 million in 2025 (2024 – P0.59 million) (Note 19).

#### 3 Receivables, net

Details of the account are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Trade receivables		
Land sales	3,618,455	4,529,068
Receivables from tenants	874,577	848,707
Non-trade receivables	561,459	523,033
	5,054,491	5,900,808
Less: allowance for expected credit losses	284,546	272,637
	4,769,945	5,628,171
Less: non-current portion	2,268,509	2,639,047
Receivables, current portion	2,501,436	2,989,124

Receivables from land sales represent amounts arising from sale of industrial and commercial lots, which are collectible in monthly installments within two to ten years from the date of sale.

Receivables from tenants represent the outstanding receivables arising from the lease of warehouse units, mall and office spaces and cold storage operations which are collectible within 30 days from billing date.

Non-trade receivables consist mainly of receivables from the government related to expropriation against certain properties of the Group, omnibus loan to a consolidator, a fully provided collateralized receivable from a third party after OLI's sale of its previously owned investment in equity securities and a fully provided insurance receivables from policyholders, insurance agents and reinsurance companies. These are noninterest-bearing and are due and demandable.

The allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables and nontrade receivables as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are P284.55 million and P272.64 million respectively.

# 4 Real estate held for development and sale, net

Details of the account are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Land	5,863,896	5,745,773
Less: allowance for inventory write-down	39,848	39,848
	5,824,048	5,705,925

Land consists of parcels of land located in Cavite, Misamis Oriental, Laguna, Batangas, Tarlac and Pampanga.

The roll forward analysis of real estate held for development and sale follows:

		September 30,	December 31,
	Note	2025	2024
Balance at the beginning of the year		5,745,773	5,085,049
Acquisition		72,891	464,814
Development costs incurred		528,327	1,946,590
Cost of real estate (excluding commission)	17	(483,095)	(1,750,680)
		5,863,896	5,745,773
Less allowance for inventory write-down		39,848	39,848
		5,824,048	5,705,925

Sale of real estates recognized in 2025 amounted to P1,113.85 million (2024 – P2,607.69 million) (Note 22). Real estate inventories recognized as cost of real estate sales amounted to P601.00 million (2024 – P1,680.92 million) (Note 17).

There is no real estate inventory held as collateral as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

#### 5 Financial assets at FVOCI

Details of the account are as follows:

		September 30,	December 31,
	Note	2025	2024
Equity securities	16	115,643	114,387
Debt securities		28,075	36,897
		143,718	151,284

Equity securities mainly pertain to quoted golf club shares and 19.65% equity interest in Cyber Bay Corporation.

The Group's investment in Cyber Bay Corporation amounting to P458.07 is fully provided of the allowance. As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the book value of Cyber Bay shares amounted to nil.

Debt instruments pertain to quoted government securities.

Movement of financial assets at FVOCI for the years ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Beginning of year	151,284	126,614
Maturity of financial assets	(8,200)	-
Unrealized gain	634	24,670
End of year	143,718	151,284

Interest earned from financial assets at FVOCI amounted to P1.27 million in 2025 (2024 – P1.41 million) (Note 19).

#### 6 Financial assets at FVPL

This account pertains to investments in redeemable preferred shares and Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) designated as financial assets at FVPL.

Movements of financial assets at FVPL for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Beginning of year	4,906	4,798
Proceeds from redemption of preferred shares and sale of UITF	(4,941)	-
Realized gain (loss)	35	108
End of year	-	4,906

There were no dividend income earned from these shares in September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

#### 7 Other assets

Details of the account are as follows:

	September 30, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
Input VAT	1,060,087	452,451	1,512,538	824,450	452,452	1,276,902
Creditable withholding taxes	207,552	233,275	440,827	181,119	233,275	414,394
Advances to suppliers and contractors	490,027	-	490,027	345,452	-	345,452
Refundable deposits	6,150	100,228	106,378	6,135	108,651	114,786
Prepayments	50,058	-	50,058	91,811	-	91,811
Others	4,997	2,907	7,904	5,334	1,637	6,971
	1,818,871	788,861	2,607,732	1,454,301	796,015	2,250,316
Less allowance for impairment losses	8,744	-	8,744	8,953	-	8,953
	1,810,127	788,861	2,598,988	1,445,348	796,015	2,241,363

Input value added tax (VAT) pertains to VAT passed on from purchases of goods, services and capital goods which is available for application against output VAT.

Creditable withholding taxes (CWTs) are available for offset against income tax payable in the future periods.

Advances to suppliers and contractors pertain to advance payment to land owners for purchases of land and service contractors for construction services of the Group's real estate held for development and sale.

Refundable deposits pertain to deposits made to utility companies, other suppliers and various miscellaneous deposits.

Prepayments pertain to prepaid insurance, taxes and licenses and other prepaid expenses that are to be amortized over a period of one (1) year.

Others include software costs with depreciation expense recognized amounting to P0.05 million in 2025

(2024 - nil) (Note 18).

There were no provisions for impairment losses for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (Note 18).

## 8 Investments in joint venture

On October 4, 2022, ALLHC entered into Joint Venture agreement with Flow Luna I Property Pte. Ltd (FLOW) representing 50% interest in A-FLOW Properties I Corp (A-FLOW PropCo), a joint venture involved in the establishing, developing, operating, leasing, and owning digital, critical, and physical infrastructure of and for data center facilities and other digital transformative technologies, as well as to render and provide services ancillary to the foregoing.

ALLHC's capital commitments is to fund equity required for the joint venture pari passu and on a pro rata basis to their agreed ownership ratio and in accordance with the terms of the agreement, provided that if there are shareholders of the A-FLOW PropCo other than FLOW, ALLHC and where applicable, their respective affiliates, the shareholders will fund equity based on their prevailing ownership ration.

Investments in joint ventures are accounted under the equity method of accounting.

Movement in investment in joint venture follows:

		September 30,	December 31,
	Note	2025	2024
Beginning of the year		737,607	677,773
Investment including transaction costs during the year		593,000	83,000
Share in net loss during the year	19	(15,177)	(23,166)
End of year		1,315,430	737,607

Set out below is the summarized financial information for A-FLOW PropCo as at and for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Current assets	1,403,008	771,681
Non-current assets	3,364,349	2,329,639
Current liabilities	(31,292)	(226,901)
Non-current liabilities	(2,416,000)	(1,710,000)
Equity	(2,320,065)	(1,164,419)
Revenue during the year	2,099	210
Net loss during the year	(32,453)	(46,333)
Total comprehensive loss during the year	(30,354)	(46,333)

ALLHC did not receive any dividends from A-FLOW PropCo for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

ALLHC has not incurred any contingent liabilities as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 in relation to its interest in the joint ventures, nor do the joint ventures themselves have any contingent liabilities for which the ALLHC is contingently liable.

# 9 Investment properties

Details of the account are as follows:

-		Duitalina anad	ا میما	Canata atian in	
		Building and	Land	Construction in	
September 30, 2025	Notes	improvements	improvements	progress	Total
Cost					_
Beginning of year		12,321,667	3,743,829	676,032	16,741,528
Additions during the year		25,845	9,516	924,409	959,770
Reclassifications and disposals					
during the year		60,619	(635,582)	(93,185)	(668,148)
End of year		12,408,131	3,117,763	1,507,256	17,033,150
Accumulated depreciation					
Beginning of year		4,496,069	36,972	-	4,533,041
Depreciation during the year	17,18	350,574	2,116	-	352,690
Reclassifications and disposals					
during the year		(31,473)	-	-	(31,473)
At end of year		4,815,170	39,088	-	4,854,258
Net book values		7,592,961	3,078,675	1,507,256	12,178,892

		Building and	Land	Construction in	
December 31, 2024	Notes	improvements	improvements	progress	Total
Cost			-		
Beginning of year		12,049,402	3,636,622	529,917	16,215,941
Additions during the year		116,046	107,207	302,334	525,587
Reclassifications and disposals					
during the year		156,219	-	(156,219)	-
End of year		12,321,667	3,743,829	676,032	16,741,528
Accumulated depreciation					
Beginning of year		4,069,857	32,661	-	4,102,518
Depreciation during the year	17,18	426,212	4,311	-	430,523
Reclassifications and disposals					
during the year		-	-	-	-
At end of year		4,496,069	36,972	-	4,533,041
Net book values		7,825,598	3,706,857	676,032	12,208,487

## Fair Value of Investment Properties

The aggregate fair value of the Group's investment properties amounted to P20,008.33 million and P19,716.71 million as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. The fair value of the Group's investment properties is determined by independent professionally qualified appraisers, based on the latest valuation reports. Fair value was measured using income approach method with expected rental income and expenses as inputs (except URDC where sales comparison approach method has been used with comparable selling price as inputs). The fair value of the Group's investment property falls under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Group has no restriction on the realizability of its investment properties and no obligation to either purchase, construct or develop or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

# 10 Property and equipment

Details of the account are as follows:

							Furniture,		
				Leasehold	Machinery and	Transportation	fixtures and	Construction	
	Notes	Land	Building	improvements	Equipment	equipment	equipment	in Progress	Total
September 30, 2025									
Cost									
Beginning of year		356,433	1,027,337	11,122	68,491	40,075	148,346	264,751	1,916,555
Additions during the year		455,058	1,012,246	4,229	3,716	718	4,224	262,875	1,743,066
Disposals and adjustments during the year		-	-	-	(509)	(1,333)	(75,316)	-	(77,158)
Reclassifications during the year		-	303,501	-	-	-	-	(303,501)	-
End of year		811,491	2,343,084	15,351	71,698	39,460	77,254	224,125	3,582,463
Accumulated depreciation and									
amortization									
Beginning of year		-	74,324	4,749	59,308	24,689	50,704	-	213,774
Depreciation and amortization during the year	17,18	-	32,826	850	1,908	4,209	5,940	-	45,733
Disposals and adjustments during the year		-	50,694	427	8,472	(783)	(6,003)	-	52,807
End of year		-	157,844	6,026	69,688	28,115	50,641	-	312,314
Net book values		811,491	2,185,240	9,325	2,010	11,345	26,613	224,125	3,270,149

	Notes	Land	Building	Leasehold improvements	Machinery and Equipment	Transportation equipment	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
December 31, 2024	140103	Land	Dallaling	improvements	Ечиринен	equipment	equipment	iii i iogicaa	Total
Cost									
Beginning of year		356,433	719,317	5,537	61,210	34,282	75,899	164,696	1,417,374
Additions during the year		-	2,214	5,585	7,281	6,115	72,447	405,861	499,503
Disposals and adjustments during the year		-	-	-	-	(322)	-	-	(322)
Reclassifications during the year		-	305,806	-	-	-	-	(305,806)	-
End of year		356,433	1,027,337	11,122	68,491	40,075	148,346	264,751	1,916,555
Accumulated depreciation and									
amortization									
Beginning of year		-	54,078	3,578	57,626	19,667	48,029	-	182,978
Depreciation and amortization during the year	17,18	-	20,246	1,171	1,682	5,070	2,675	-	30,844
Disposals and adjustments during the year		-	-	-	-	(48)	-	-	(48)
End of year		-	74,324	4,749	59,308	24,689	50,704	-	213,774
Net book values		356,433	953,013	6,373	9,183	15,386	97,642	264,751	1,702,781

# 11 Accounts payable and accrued expenses; Installment payables

Details of the account are as follows:

		September 30,	December 31,
	Note	2025	2024
Trade payables		1,580,063	1,314,386
Payable to government agencies		482,675	405,286
Current portion of installment payables		284,511	284,511
Provision	25	96,610	89,418
Accrued expenses		53,611	75,964
Others		80,368	81,052
		2.577.838	2,250,617

Trade payable and accrued expenses are recognized in the period in which the related money, goods or services are received or when a legally enforceable claim against the Group is established. These are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on thirty (30) days' term. Accrued expenses are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on sixty (60) days' term or due and demandable. These are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

## Installment payables

This account pertains to the unpaid portion of the purchased price of investment properties and property and equipment acquired on installment basis. Details as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 follow:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Current portion	284,511	284,511
Non-current portion	188,679	444,360
	473,190	728,871

Movements in the unamortized discount of the Group's long-term installment payable follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Beginning of year	29,187	57,663
Accretion for the year	-	(28,476)
End of year	29,187	29,187

# 12 Short-term and long-term debts

## Long-term debts

The Group availed the following unsecured long-term debts with local banks for working capital requirements:

Loan   Borrower   Date availed   Outstanding balance   Details						
Loan         Borrower         Date availed         Outstanding balance         Details           1         ALLHC         November 2021         1,267,425         1,277,100         - Matures in November 2031 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.           2         LTI         November 2021 - Matures in November 2031 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.           3         AAI         September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.           4         AAI         September 125,731         126,682 - Matures in November 2032						
1 ALLHC November 2021 2021 2021 2021 2021 2021 2021 2021						
2021 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  2 LTI November 677,925 683,100 - Matures in November 2031 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032	Loan	Borrower	Date availed	Outstandin	g balance	Details
6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  2 LTI November 677,925 683,100 - Matures in November 2031 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032	1	ALLHC		1,267,425	1,277,100	
September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  2 LTI November 677,925 683,100 - Matures in November 2031 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032			2021			
December 31, 2024, respectively.  2 LTI November 677,925 683,100 - Matures in November 2031 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032						
2 LTI November 677,925 683,100 - Matures in November 2031 2021 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2021 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032	_					
6.56% and 3.27% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032	2	LTI		677,925	683,100	
September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032			2021			
December 31, 2024, respectively.  3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 2022 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032						0.00% 0.1.4 0.2.7 % 0.0 0.0
3 AAI September 369,269 372,068 - Matures in September 2032 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2022 - Interest rate per annum is at 6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.  4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032	^	A A I	0 4 1	200,000	270.000	
6.66% and 6.80% as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. 4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032	3	AAI	•	369,269	372,068	
September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. 4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032			2022			
December 31, 2024, respectively. 4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032						
4 AAI September 125,731 126,682 - Matures in November 2032						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1	۸۸۱	Sentember	125 731	126 682	
2022 - Interest rate per annum is at	7	$\Delta\Delta$	•	123,731	120,002	
6.66% and 6.80% as at			2022			•
September 30, 2025 and						
December 31, 2024, respectively.						
2,440,350 2,458,950	-			2 440 350	2 458 950	2321,100p0001v01y.
Less: Deferred transaction costs (11,766) (13,061)	Less: [	Deferred tran	saction costs			
2,428,584 2,445,889	-		<del></del>			

Movements in long-term debts for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

		September 30,	December 31.
	Note	2025	2024
Beginning of year		2,445,889	2,465,064
Payments for the current year		(18,600)	(21,050)
Amortization of deferred transaction costs	19	1,295	1,875
End of year		2,428,584	2,445,889

## **Short-term debts**

In 2025, the Company obtained short-term bank loans to finance the construction of the data center facility and acquisition of leasing facilities and land development amounting to P1,100,000. The loan is payable within one year.

Total interest expense arising from bank loans amounted to P122.62 million for 2025 (2024 – P122.65 million) (Note 19).

These loans require that the borrowers comply with certain covenants including, among others, a bank debt to tangible net worth ratio. As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group has complied with the loan covenants.

# 13 Rental and other deposits

Details of the account are as follows:

	Sep	tember 30, 202	5	December 31, 2024			
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total	
Security deposits	227,778	385,709	613,487	289,694	280,888	570,582	
Rental deposits	69,962	200,546	270,508	68,468	169,838	238,306	
Construction bond	32,773	2,024	34,797	34,048	538	34,586	
Customer deposits	9,214	-	9,214	9,214	_	9,214	
Others	3,250	12,714	15,964	3,250	10,044	13,294	
	342,977	600,993	943,970	404,674	461,308	865,982	

Tenants are required to post security deposits, which shall be refunded, without interest, within sixty (60) days after the expiration of the lease period, deducting the amount of damages to the leased premises, if any.

Security deposits also include deposits that may be refunded or applied to any outstanding account of the customers at the end of the retail electricity supply term. The duration of these deposits ranges from three to six months.

Rental deposits are equivalent to tenant's three month's current rent and shall be increased annually or as is when the rental rate increases. These are paid upon signing of the contract of lease or possession of leased premises, whichever comes first and can be applied as payment for rent due for the last three months of the lease.

Construction bond is tenants' payments as security for repairs or any damaged caused to the Group's property arising out of or in connection to any loss, damage, or destruction to the leased premises as a result of the renovation or construction. The construction bond shall be equivalent to tenant's one month's minimum rent and can be applied as payment for outstanding accounts provided that they are in compliance with the construction guidelines and requirements imposed by the Group.

Customer deposits pertain to reservation deposits of the tenants which will form part of the payment of rent upon commencement of lease.

# 14 Equity

Capital stock and additional paid-in capital

Details of the Parent Company's capital stock and additional paid-in capital follows:

	September	30, 2025	December 31, 2024		
	Number of		Number of	·	
	shares	Amount	shares	Amount	
Authorized, P1 par value	7,500,000,000	7,500,000,000	7,500,000,000	7,500,000,000	
Issued	6,158,660,192	6,158,660,192	6,158,660,192	6,158,660,192	
Subscribed	142,931,795	142,931,795	142,931,795	142,931,795	
Subscription receivable		(86,365,340)		(87,263,931)	
Issued and outstanding	6,215,203,627	6,215,226,647	6,214,328,056	6,214,328,056	
Additional paid-in capital		6,024,344,290		6,023,733,248	

Capital stock and additional paid-in capital increased by P0.90 million and P0.61 million, net of stock transaction costs, respectively, following collection of subscription receivable (2024 – P4.4 million and P3.0 million), respectively.

The Parent Company's track record of capital stock follows:

	Number of shares registered	Issue/offer price	Date of approval	Number of holders at year end
January 1, 2021	6,153,452,792			784
Add:				
Additional issuance	3,584,000	1.00/share	November 10, 2015	
Additional issuance	1,277,400	1.68/share	November 10, 2015	
Additional issuance	346,000	1.00/share	May 19, 1989	
December 31, 2021	6,158,660,192			740
December 31, 2022	6,158,660,192			727
December 31, 2023	6,158,660,192			734
December 31, 2024	6,158,660,192			735
September 30, 2025	6,158,660,192			733

## Shares held by a subsidiary

In 2019, OLI subscribed to 49,444,216 shares of the Parent Company for a total consideration amounting to P144.38 million. As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the listing of these shares is still pending with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE).

## Other comprehensive losses, net

Details of the Parent Company's other comprehensive losses, net follows:

		September 30,	December 31,
	Note	2025	2024
Revaluation increment	9	165,682	165,682
Unrealized loss on financial assets at FVOCI	5	(1,033,606)	(1,034,252)
Loss on measurement of retirement benefits	20	(43,974)	(43,974)
		(911,898)	(912,544)

#### Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to optimize the use and earnings potential of the Group's resources and considering changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the Group's activities.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group considers its capital stock, additional paid in capital and retained earnings as its capital.

The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

# 15 Related party transactions

Related party relationship exists when one party has the ability to control, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Such relationship also exists between and/or among entities, which are under common control with the reporting enterprises and its key management personnel, directors or its stockholders. In considering each related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form. The Group has an approval requirement and limits on the amount and extent on any related party transactions.

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries, in their normal course of business, have entered into transactions with related parties principally consisting of interest and noninterest-bearing advances with no fixed repayment terms and are due and demandable. These transactions are normally settled in cash. The assessment of impairment is undertaken at each financial year-end by examining the financial position of the related parties and the market in which the related parties operate. As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group has not recognized any impairment on its amounts owed by related parties.

# Amounts owed by related parties

	Transactions	for the year	Due fr	om	Terms and condition
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	
Loans to related parties					These are unsecured, unguaranteed, interest bearing
Immediate Parent Company	21,700	82,000	21,700	-	and collectible in cash within 12 months. Interest rate is
Entities under common control	72,855	507,755	720,463	842,570	at 5.60% to 5.95% per annum.
	94,555	589,755	742,163	842,570	
Interest Income (Note 19)					Interest income is due and demandable and shall be
Immediate Parent Company	897	384	954	582	collected based on interest rates agreed between
Entities under common control	31,453	31,609	43,974	43,615	parties.
	32,350	31,993	44,928	44,197	
Service fees					The Group entered into various service agreement
Immediate Parent Company	-	-	=	22,010	including management and supervision of planning,
Entities under common control	6,437	-	11,332	4,895	design, construction and commissioning of real estate
Other Related Parties	-	-	4,809	2,509	projects. In consideration of these services, fees are
	6,437	-	16,141	29,414	negotiated and billed equivalent to agreed prices.
					These are unsecured, unguaranteed, noninterest
					bearing and collectible in on demand.
Leases and others					The Group entered into commercial space short-term
Immediate Parent Company	38,057	-	54,587	16,521	lease agreements as lessor with its related parties. In
Other Related Parties	-	-	-	-	consideration, lease fee are negotiated and billed
	38,057	-	54,587	16,521	equivalent to agreed prices. These are unsecured,
					unguaranteed, noninterest bearing and collectible in on
					demand.
	172,399	621,748	857,819	932,702	

# Amounts owed to related parties

	Transactions	for the year	Due	to	Terms and condition
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Loans from related parties					These are unsecured, unguaranteed, interest bearing
Immediate Parent Company	_	100,495	31,903	658,054	and payable in cash within 12 months. Interest rate is at
Entities under common control	3,615,509		5,486,788	4,684,746	5.60% to 6.60% per annum. These loans were obtained
		3,254,200			to fund the Company's working capital requirements and
		, ,			business operations.
	3,615,509	3,354,695	5,518,691	5,342,800	·
Interest expense (Note 19)		, ,	, ,	, ,	Interest expense is due and demandable and shall be
Immediate Parent Company	12,657	14,588	17,796	12,537	payable based on interest rates agreed between parties
Entities under common control	•	•	,	76,539	,
	228,339	195,432	328,355	,	
	240,996	210,020	346,151	89,076	
	3,856,505	3,564,715	5,864,842	5,431,876	

	Transactions f	or the year	Due	to	Terms and condition
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Management fees and systems cost					The Group entered into system cost and management
(Note 17 and 18)					fee agreement with its related parties. In consideration
Immediate Parent Company	99,910	178,775	1,421,667	1,314,642	of these services, fees are negotiated and billed
Entities under common control	-	-	-	3,300	equivalent to agreed prices. These are unsecured,
	99,910	178,775	1,421,667	1,317,942	unguaranteed, noninterest bearing and payable in on
					demand.
Construction contracts					The Group has engaged the services of its related
Immediate Parent Company	-	-	-	-	parties for the technical due diligence, land
Entities under common control	85,462	5,483,170	259,820	221,959	development and construction of facilities within its real
	85,462	5,483,170	259,820	221,959	estate properties. In consideration of these services,
					fees are negotiated and billed equivalent to agreed
					prices. These are unsecured, unguaranteed, noninterest
					bearing and payable in on demand.
Service and other fees					The Group engaged its related parties for certain
Entities under common control	38,552	-	42,148	3,534	service agreements including legal and professional
					services. In consideration of these services, fees are
					negotiated and billed equivalent to agreed prices. These
					are unsecured, unguaranteed, noninterest bearing and
					collectible in on demand.
Purchase of real property					The Group acquired from its related parties, parcel of
Ultimate Parent Company	-	-	-	149,539	lots intended for industrial park development at agreed
					price. These are unsecured, unguaranteed, noninterest
					bearing and payable on demand.
Deposit for future stock subscription					
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	
	223,924	5,661,945	1,723,635	1,692,974	
	4,080,429	9,226,660	7,588,477	7,124,850	

# Compensation of key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Group are employees of ALI. As such, the compensation of the said employees is paid by ALI, the necessary disclosures required by PAS 24, Related Party Disclosure are included in the financial statements of ALI. Compensation for said employees are billed to the Group and form part of systems cost.

## 16 Other non-current liabilities

Details of the account are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Subscription payable	481,675	481,675
Retention payable	232,752	247,985
	714,427	729,660

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Parent Company has outstanding subscription payable on common shares of Cyber Bay amounting to P481.68 million.

Retention payable pertains to an amount deducted from the contractors' progress billing which will be released after the expiration of the project's warranty period.

# 17 Cost of real estate sales, rental and storage services

Cost of real estate sales

The details of this account follow:

	Notes	September 30,	September 30,
		2025	2024
Cost of real estate	4	483,095	1,348,681
Management fee	15	80,703	224,732
Commission		37,197	107,510
		600,995	1,680,923

## Cost of rental services

The details of this account follow:

	Notes	September 30,	September 30,
		2025	2024
Depreciation and amortization	7,9,10,23	347,855	333,600
Share in CUSA related expenses and			
management fees		327,150	307,054
Taxes and licenses		122,003	117,160
Repairs and maintenance		26,111	38,363
Insurance		11,383	5,247
Rental	23	6,964	6,977
Professional fees		4,811	3,774
Supplies		1,311	1,250
Others		11,917	21,599
	·	859,505	835,024

# Cost of storage services

The details of this account follow:

	Notes	September 30,	September 30,
		2025	2024
Share in CUSA related expenses		104,855	34,576
Depreciation and amortization	7,9,10,23	53,087	28,771
Rental	23	8,230	4,014
Taxes and licenses		7,818	5,414
Repairs and maintenance		2,425	3,365
Supplies		2,317	2,195
Insurance		1,031	1,120
Others		15,802	15,272
		195,565	94,727

# 18 Operating expenses

The details of this account follow:

	Notes	September 30,	September 30,
		2025	2024
Personnel expenses			_
Compensation and employee benefits		73,985	90,780
Retirement expense	20	4,604	3,236
		78,589	94,016
Systems costs	15	47,948	4,809
Depreciation and amortization	7,9,10	46,930	27,224
Taxes and licenses		14,305	22,160
Professional and legal fees		13,936	19,426
Janitorial and security services		13,720	7,923
Communication and transportation		11,935	7,009
Provision for impairment losses		6,366	-
Supplies and repairs		5,080	10,642
Others		14,067	32,427
		252,876	225,636

# 19 Interest expense and bank charges, net; Miscellaneous (charges) income

Interest expense and bank charges, net

The details of this account follow:

	Notes	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Interest expense and bank charges			
Amounts owed to related parties	15	(240,996)	(210,020)
Bank loan	12	(122,617)	(121,248)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	23	(107,904)	(109,929)
Discount amortization on long term liabilities		(70,534)	-
Discount amortization on bank loan	12	(1,295)	(1,400)
Discount amortization on security deposits	13	(178)	-
Bank charges		(58)	(11)
		(543,582)	(442,608)

Interest income

Amounts owed by related parties	15	32,350	31,993
Interest income on financial assets at FVOCI	5	1,265	1,414
Cash and cash equivalents	2	796	589
		34,411	33,996
		(509,171)	(408,612)

#### Miscellaneous (charges) income

The details of this account follow:

	Note	September 30,	September 30,
		2025	2024
Equity in net loss of joint ventures	8	(15,177)	(11,334)
(Accrual)/reversal of long outstanding liabilities		48,545	(46,067)
Recoveries and other miscellaneous income		13,475	16,644
		46,843	(40,757)

#### 20 Retirement benefits liability

The Parent Company and LTI has a separate, funded, non-contributory retirement plan covering all its regular employees. The plan provides for retirement, separation, disability and death benefits to its members. The normal retirement benefit is based on a percentage of the employees' final monthly salary for every year of credited service. The company engage an independent actuarial valuation expert every year-end. The latest independent actuarial valuation as at December 31, 2024 was determined using the projected unit credit method in accordance with PAS 19 (R).

## 21 Segment information

The Group's operating businesses are recognized and managed according to the nature of the products or services offered, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that serves different markets. The BOD is the chief operating decision maker of the Group. Segment assets and liabilities reported are those assets and liabilities included in measures that are used by the BOD.

Segment revenue, expenses and performance include transfers between business segments. The transfers are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unaffiliated customers for similar products. Such transfers are eliminated in consolidation.

## Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time.

#### Geographical Segments

The Group does not have geographical segments.

## **Business Segments**

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of services provided and the different markets served, with each segment representing a strategic business unit.

The industry segments where the Parent Company and its subsidiaries operate are as follows: (1) Holding Company; (2) Real estate and property development - commercial leasing and industrial lot sales and development; (3) Cold storage operations; (4) Other services.

The amount of segment assets and liabilities are based on measurement principles that are similar with those used in measuring assets and liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position which is in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards.

Financial information about the operations of these business segments is summarized as follows:

		Real Estate					
	Holding	and Property	Cold Storage				
	company	Development*	Operations	Others	Subtotal	Elimination	Total
September 30, 2025							
Revenues	-	2,364,849	202,072	12,385	2,579,306	(2,689)	2,576,617
Cost and expenses	(23,624)	(1,661,082)	(206,815)	(20,119)	(1,911,640)	2,699	(1,908,941)
Other income (charges)	(125,763)	(295,634)	(67,130)	15,130	(473,397)	-	(473,397)
Profit (loss) before income tax	(149,387)	408,133	(71,873)	7,396	194,269	10	194,279
Income tax expense (benefit)	22,577	93,308	(3,346)	303	112,842	-	112,842
Net income (loss)	(171,964)	314,825	(68,527)	7,093	81,427	10	81,437
September 30, 2025			•				
Segment assets	16,941,973	28,595,137	2,977,798	1,607,786	50,122,694	(17,754,498)	32,368,196
Segment liabilities	5,518,176	12,607,825	2,538,515	428,346	21,092,862	(3,693,453)	17,399,409
		Real Estate					
	Holding	and Property	Cold Storage				
	company	Development*	Operations	Others	Subtotal	Elimination	Total
September 30, 2024		•	•				
Revenues	-	3,853,823	153,060	2,689	4,009,572	(2,689)	4,006,883
Cost and expenses	(46,396)	(2,679,997)	(100,537)	(10,294)	(2,837,224)	914	(2,836,310)
Other income (charges)	(162,645)	(286,349)	(35,988)	(14,831)	(499,813)	1,583	(498,230)
Profit (loss) before income tax	(209,041)	887,477	16,535	(22,436)	672,535	(192)	672,343
Income tax expense (benefit)	12	55,391	3,051	(3,492)	54,962	` -	54,962
Net income	(209,053)	832,086	13,484	(18,943)	617,573	(2,689)	617,381
December 31, 2024	, , ,	,	,	, ,	,	, , ,	•
Segment assets	16,084,216	26,173,496	2,649,115	2,451,057	47,357,884	(17,869,138)	29,448,746
Segment liabilities	4,351,231	10,855,536	1,412,506	1,541,274	18,160,547	(3,240,472)	14,920,075

<sup>\*</sup>includes lot sales and cost of rental and cold storage revenues amounting to P1,113.85 million and P1,178.39 million, respectively (2024 – P2,607.69 million and P1,146.48 million, respectively)

## 22 Earnings per share

The following table presents information necessary to calculate basic earnings per share:

	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent	82,066	617,502
Weighted average number of shares	6,252,148	6,252,148
Basic/diluted earnings per share	0.01	0.10

Impact of ESOWN plan is not material to the calculation of earnings per share.

#### 23 Leases

#### Group as Lessee

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries entered in the various long-term contracts for land used in its operations. Renewable lease contracts are subject to the mutual agreement of the parties and to compliance with the terms and conditions of the lease agreement.

#### TP

In 1990, TPI, through a Deed of Assignment, entered into a lease contract for the Tutuban Terminal. The contract provided for a payment of a guaranteed minimum annual rental, 12% escalation rate every two (2) years, additional P10 million every two (2) years, plus 2% of gross revenues. The lease covers a period of twenty-five (25) years until 2014 and is automatically renewable for another twenty-five (25) years. In 2009, TPI renewed its lease contract for another twenty-five (25) years beginning September 5, 2014 until 2039.

#### LTI

In 2017, LTI entered into separate lease contract with ALI, Alveo Land, Corp. (Alveo) and Nuevocentro, Inc. (Nuevo) related parties, to lease parcels of land primarily for the construction, development and operation of Standard Factory Buildings (SFBs). The lease contract provided for a payment of a guaranteed minimum monthly rental with a 10% escalation rate every five (5) years. The lease contract with ALI and Alveo covers a period of twenty-five (25) years until December 31, 2041 and are renewable while the lease contract with Nuevo covers a period of thirty (30) years until October 31, 2047 and is renewable for another ten (10) years.

In 2019, LTI entered another lease contract with Nuevo still for the construction, development and operation of SFBs. The contract provided for a payment of a guaranteed minimum monthly rental with a 10% escalation rate every five (5) years. The lease covers a period of twenty-nine (29) years until October 31, 2047 and is renewable for another ten (10) years.

#### Parent Company

In 2020, the Parent Company entered into a Contract of Lease with ALI Commercial Center, Inc., a related party, to lease a building space located primarily for administrative use of the Parent Company. The contract provided for a payment of a guaranteed fixed monthly rental. The lease covers period covers from July 1, 2020 to December 31, 2023. The Parent Company extended the lease contract until 2025.

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognized and the movements as at and for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Note	September 30,	December 31,
		2025	2024
Beginning of year		999,762	1,066,049
Adjustments		1,223	-
Depreciation expense	17	(49,444)	(66,287)
End of the period (year)		951,541	999,762

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements as at and for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Beginning of year	1,713,446	1,724,979
Accretion of interest	107,904	146,473
Payments	(224,477)	(158,006)
End of year	1,596,873	1,713,446
Less: Current portion	(73,928)	(36,014)
Non-current portion	1,522,945	1,677,432

As at and for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the maturity analysis of undiscounted lease payments follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024
Within one (1) year	184,929	347,859
More than one (1) year to five (5) years	766,534	909,207
More than five (5) years	2,092,926	2,004,989
	3,044,389	3,262,055

As at September 30, the following are the amounts recognized in profit or loss:

	Note	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Accretion of interest on lease liabilities	19	107,904	109,929
Amortization expense for right-of-use assets	17	49,444	49,625
Variable lease payments	17	12,083	10,991
		169,431	170,545

# Group as a Lessor (Operating leases)

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its buildings. These leases have remaining terms of one (1) year to less than five (5) years except for one (1) tenant with lease term of 15 years. Renewals are subject to the mutual consent of the lessor and the lessee.

The total other revenues of the Group for the period ended September 30, 2025 amounting to P284.38 million (2024 – P252.71 million) includes gross CUSA and air-conditioning charges amounting to P254.65 million (2024 – P230.50 million).

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases of the Group follows (amounts in thousands):

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Less than one (1) year	656,050	1,285,364
One (1) year to five (5) years	3,731,497	3,589,572
More than five (5) years	2,186,828	2,190,647
	6,574,375	7,065,583

## 24 Provisions and contingencies

The Group, in the ordinary course of business, is involved in various legal proceedings and assessments that are either pending decision by the courts or under on-going discussions. Management and its legal counsels believe that the eventual outcome of these lawsuits or claims will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates or in the effectiveness of the strategies relating to these proceedings.

The roll forward of the provisions follows:

	Note	September 30,	December 31,
		2025	2024
Beginning of year		89,418	32,057
Provisions during the year		11,069	61,362
Settlements during the year		(3,877)	(4,001)
End of year	11	96,610	89,418

The detailed information normally required under PAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, is not disclosed as it may prejudice the outcome of the proceedings.

## 25 Share-based payments

In 2015, the Group introduced the ESOWN Plan (the Plan) wherein grantees (employees within ALLHC Group) may subscribe in whole or in part to the shares awarded to them based on a discounted market price, but in no case lower than the par value, that was determined at grant date. The grantees will pay for the shares subscribed through installments over a maximum period of ten (10) years.

There are no share-based compensation granted as at and for the period ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

## 26 Financial instruments

### Fair Value Information

The following tables set forth the carrying values and estimated fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities recognized as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	September 3	30, 2025	December 31, 2024	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets at amortized costs				
Cash and cash equivalents	265,254	265,254	242,677	242,677
Receivables	4,769,945	4,769,945	5,628,171	5,628,171
Amounts owed by related parties	857,819	857,819	932,702	932,702
Refundable deposits	106,378	106,378	114,786	114,786
Financial assets at FVPL	-	-	4,906	4,906
Financial assets at FVOCI	143,718	143,718	151,284	151,284
	6,143,114	6,143,114	7,074,526	7,074,526
Financial liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,187,232	2,187,232	2,200,273	2,200,273
Amounts owed to related parties	7,588,477	7,588,477	7,124,850	7,124,850
Short-term and long-term debts	3,528,584	3,528,584	2,445,889	2,445,889
Rental and other deposits	629,451	629,451	583,876	583,876
Lease liabilities	1,596,873	1,596,873	1,713,446	1,713,446
Subscription payable	481,675	481,675	481,675	481,675
	16,012,292	16,012,292	14,550,009	14,550,009

The following method and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate such values at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are set out below:

## Cash and cash equivalents

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates its fair values due to the short-term maturity of this financial instrument.

Receivables, Accounts payable and accrued expenses and Amounts owed to and by related Parties

The carrying amounts of the current portion of receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses and amounts owed by related parties approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

The fair value of the non-current portion of land sales trade receivables as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar type of instruments. The discount rates used range from 5.23% to 6.28% in 2025 and 2024.

The fair value of the non-current portion of land sales trade receivables as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is based on the undiscounted value of future cash flows following the Group's adoption of PIC Q&A 2018-12 and the Group's assessment that the overall impact pertaining to significant financing component is not material to the consolidated financial statements of the Group (Note 28).

Accounts payable and accrued expenses exclude payable to government agencies and provisions which are not considered financial liabilities.

Refundable Deposits under Other non-current assets and Rental and Other Deposits

The carrying amounts of current portion of rental and other deposits approximates its fair value due to the short-term maturity of this financial instrument. The fair values of noncurrent security deposit and other deposits recorded under 'Rental and other deposits" and refundable deposits recorded under 'Other noncurrent assets' are determined by discounting future cash flows using the applicable rates of similar types of instruments.

## Long-term debts and lease liabilities

The fair values of long-term debts and lease liabilities are estimated using the discounted cash flow methodology using the Group's current incremental borrowing rates and current yield rates for similar borrowings with maturities consistent with those of the liabilities being valued. The discount rates used ranged from 1.02% to 5.09%.

## Financial Assets at FVOCI

Except for Investment in Cyber Bay equity securities, equity financial assets that are listed are based on their quoted prices published in markets as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. Debt financial assets that are quoted are based on published market prices as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

## Financial Assets at FVPL

Listed equity securities designated as financial assets at FVPL are based on their quoted prices as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The fair value of the UITF has been determined based on the net asset values as at reporting date, based on the nature and level of adjustments needed to be made to the NAV and the level of trading in the money market UITF.

## Fair Value Hierarchy

Quoted FVOCI financial assets amounting to P143.72 million as at September 30, 2025 were classified under Level 1 (2024 - P151.28 million) (Note 5).

Quoted FVPL financial assets amounting to nil as at September 30, 2025 (2024 - P4.91 million) were classified under Level 1 (Note 6).

The fair value disclosure of receivables, long-term debt, rental and other deposits and refundable deposits as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, were classified under Level 3.

There have been no reclassifications from Level 1 to Level 2 categories in 2025 and 2024.

Financial Risk Management Objectives, Policies and Capital Management

The Group has various financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, receivables, amounts owed by/to related parties, financial assets at FVOCI, FVPL investments, deposits under other noncurrent assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses, rental and other deposits, long term debt and subscriptions payable.

The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise funds and maintain continuity of funding and financial flexibility for the Group. The Group has other financial liabilities such as accounts payable and accrued expenses and rental and other deposits, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks from the use of financial instruments are liquidity risk, credit risk and equity price risk.

The Group's BOD reviews and approves policies for managing these risks as summarized below.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises when there is a shortage of funds and the Group as a consequence could not meet its maturing obligations.

In the management of liquidity, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The tables below summarize the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at September 30 and December 31, based on contractual undiscounted payments:

		Less than 3	3 to 6	6 to 12		
	On demand	months	months	months	Over 1 Year	Total
September 30, 2025						
Accounts payable and						
accrued expenses	1,571,229	-	142,813	284,511	188,679	2,187,232
Amounts owed to related						
parties	7,588,477	-	-	-	-	7,588,477
Long-term debts and						
interest payable	17,806	26,812	29,333	81,149	3,048,244	3,203,344
Rental and other deposits	-	-	-	231,027	398,424	629,451
Lease liabilities	-	43,288	43,288	86,576	1,423,721	1,596,873
Subscription payable	-		-	-	481,675	481,675
	9,177,512	70,100	215,434	683,263	5,540,743	15,687,052
<u>December 31, 2024</u>						
Accounts payable and						
accrued expenses	1,314,386	-	157,016	284,511	444,360	2,200,273
Amounts owed to related						
parties	7,124,850	-	-	-	-	7,124,850
Long-term debts and						
interest payable	11,952	24,871	37,095	74,666	3,158,726	3,307,310
Rental and other deposits	-	-	-	292,944	290,932	583,876
Lease liabilities	-	86,965	86,965	173,930	2,914,195	3,262,055
Subscription payable	-	-	-	-	481,675	481,675
	8,451,188	111,836	281,076	826,051	7,289,888	16,960,039

## Equity Price Risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk arising from the Group's financial asset measured at FVOCI in the consolidated statements of financial position. Components of equity would increase or decrease as a result of gains or losses on such equity securities classified as financial asset measured at FVOCI. Management, however, does not foresee exposure to price risk on its financial assets at FVOCI to be significant.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

The Group's gross maximum exposure to credit risk as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, is equal to the carrying values of its financial assets. The details follow:

	Gross maximum exposure
<u>September 30, 2025</u>	
Cash in banks and cash equivalents	264,737
Trade receivables	
Land sales	3,618,455
Receivables from tenants	874,577
Non-trade receivables	561,459
Financial assets at FVOCI - quoted debt securities	28,075
	5,347,303
December 31, 2024	
Cash in banks and cash equivalents	242,270
Trade receivables	
Land sales	4,529,068
Receivables from tenants	848,707
Non-trade receivables	523,033
Financial assets at FVOCI - quoted debt securities	36,897
	6,179,975

## Cash in banks and cash equivalents

Cash in banks and cash equivalents are still subject to credit risk but impairment is deemed insignificant. Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions and related parties is managed by the Group's treasury department in accordance with the Group's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Group's Board of Directors on an annual basis and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval of the Group's Finance Committee. The limits are set to minimize the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through a counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

## Trade receivables - real estate receivables

For real estate receivables, exposure to credit risk is not significant given that title of the real estate property is only transferred to the customer if the consideration had been fully paid. In case of default, after enforcement activities, the Group has the right to cancel the sale and enter into another contract to sell to another customer after certain proceedings (e.g. grace period, referral to legal, cancellation process, reimbursement of previous payments) had been completed. Applying the expected credit risk model did not result in the recognition of an impairment loss for real estate receivables in 2025 and 2024.

## Trade receivables - receivable from tenants

Credit risk arising from receivables from tenants of leasing properties is primarily managed through a tenant selection process. Prospective tenants are evaluated on the basis of payment track record and other credit information. In accordance with the provisions of the lease contracts, the lessees are required to deposit with the Group security deposits and advance rentals which helps reduce the Group's credit risk exposure in case of defaults by the tenants. The security deposits are considered in the calculation of impairment as recoveries. For existing tenants, the Group has put in place a monitoring and follow-up system. These are aged and

analyzed on a continuous basis to minimize credit risk associated with these receivables. Regular meetings with tenants are also undertaken for further assessment of paying capacity.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure of the Group's trade receivables from tenants using a provision matrix excluding rental accruals:

	Current	More than 30 days	More than 60 days	More than 90 days	Total
September 30, 2025					
Expected credit loss rate	2.77 %	13.37%	15.14%	16.98%	9.60%
Total gross carrying amount	342,378	62,252	78,433	319,514	874,577
Expected credit losses	9,495	8,324	11,877	54,261	83,957
December 31, 2024					
Expected credit loss rate	1.01%	11.82%	10.19%	15.46%	9.14%
Total gross carrying amount	310,764	70,406	116,521	351,016	848,707
Expected credit losses	3,129	8,324	11,877	54,261	77,591

Applying the expected credit risk model resulted in the recognition of an impairment loss for trade receivable from tenants amounting to P23.75 million and the Company written off P25.00 million of its trade debtor receivables in 2024 (Note 3). The Company recognized P6.37 million impairment losses as at September 30, 2025.

## Trade receivables - retail electricity

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss pattern. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Applying the expected credit risk model did not result in the recognition of an impairment loss for trade debtors retail electricity in 2025 and 2024.

Generally, "Trade receivables" under "Receivables" receivables are written-off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity.

## Non-trade receivables

Credit risk exposure in respect of all other counterparties is managed by setting standard business terms that are required to be met by all counterparties. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date to consider when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. These receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. There were no impairment losses recognized in 2025 and 2024 applying the expected credit risk model. Total write offs amounted to nil in 2025 and 2024 (Note 3).

## Financial assets at FVOCI - quoted debt securities

The Group's debt instruments at fair value through OCI comprise solely of government securities. The Group considers a debt investment security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade' and, therefore, are considered to be low credit risk investments. It is the Group's policy to measure expected credit losses (ECLs) on such instruments on a 12-month basis. Applying the expected credit risk model did not result in the recognition of an impairment loss in 2025 and 2024.

## 27 Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS requires the Group to make judgments and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosures, at the end of the reporting period. Future events may occur which will cause the assumptions used in arriving at the estimates to change. The effects of any change in judgments and estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements as they become reasonably determinable.

Judgments, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcome can differ from these estimates.

## Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

Determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options - Group as lessee

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The renewal periods for leases of land with longer non-cancellable periods (i.e., 10 to 15 years) are not included as part of the lease term since it is reasonably certain that the Group will exercise the option to renew or not exercise the option to terminate. Renewal or termination of lease is subject to mutual agreement with the lessors.

## Classification of joint venture

The Group's investment in joint venture is structured in separate incorporated entity. The respective joint arrangement agreement requires unanimous consent from all parties to the agreement for the relevant activities identified. The Group and the party to the agreement only have the rights to the net assets of the joint venture through the terms of contractual arrangements.

Assessing operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment properties portfolio. The Group has determined that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out under operating lease arrangements.

Distinction between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. In making its judgment, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by an entity. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to the property but also to the other assets used in the production or supply process.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for administrative purposes. If these portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for administrative purposes. Judgment is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgment.

## Assessing realizability of deferred income tax assets

The Group reviews the carrying amounts of deferred income tax assets at each end of the reporting period and reduces it to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized. Judgments and estimation are required to

determine the amount of deferred income tax assets that can be recognized based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable income together with future tax planning strategies. However, there is no assurance that the Group will generate sufficient future taxable profits to allow all or part of its deferred income tax assets to be utilized.

The temporary differences, NOLCO and MCIT for which no deferred income tax assets were recognized, as the management has assessed that it is not probable that sufficient future taxable income will be available for which the benefit of the deferred income tax assets can be utilized, are disclosed in Note 21.

## **Estimates and assumptions**

The key estimates and assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes in circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

## Leases - estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

## Provision for expected credit losses of trade and other receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables except for receivables from real estate. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information such as Gross Domestic Product growth rate and inflation rate. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

The Group uses vintage analysis approach to calculate ECLs for real estate receivable. The vintage analysis accounts for expected losses by calculating the cumulative loss rates of a given loan pool. It derives the probability of default from the historical data of a homogenous portfolio that share the same origination period. The information on the number of defaults during fixed time intervals of the accounts is utilized to create the PD model. It allows the evaluation of the loan activity from its origination period until the end of the contract period.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions (gross domestic product and inflation rate) and ECLs is also significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in Notes 5 and 26.

Estimating useful lives of depreciable investment properties and property and equipment

The estimated useful lives used as bases for depreciating and amortizing the Group's investment properties and property and equipment were determined on the basis of management's assessment of the period within

which the benefits of these asset items are expected to be realized taking into account actual historical information on the use of such assets as well as industry standards and averages applicable to the Group's assets. The Group estimates the useful lives of its investment properties and property and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of investment properties and property and equipment are reviewed, at least, annually and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear and technical or commercial obsolescence on the use of these assets. It is possible that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in these estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of these assets increases depreciation and amortization and decreases the carrying value of investment properties and property and equipment.

Information on the estimated useful life of investment properties and property and equipment is included in Note 28.9 and 28.10, respectively.

#### Determining retirement benefits liability

The cost of defined retirement obligation as well as the present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions. These include the determination of the discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future retirement increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, defined benefit obligation are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. The assumptions are reviewed at each end of the reporting period.

In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, with extrapolated maturities corresponding to the expected duration of the defined benefit obligation. Further details about the assumptions used are provided in Note 20.

Assessing and estimating contingencies and provisions

The Group is involved in certain disputes for which the Group has recognized provisions for probable expenses, which may be incurred, and disclosed relevant information about such contingencies.

## 28 Summary of material accounting policies

## 28.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Debt and equity financial assets measured at fair value
- Certain financial instruments and lease liabilities carried at amortized cost
- Investments in joint ventures in which equity method of accounting is applied;
- Retirement benefit obligation measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation net of the fair value of the plan assets.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, which is the Parent Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded off to the nearest thousand, except when otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements provide comparative information in respect of the previous period.

## 28.2 Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards. PFRS Accounting Standards comprise the following authoritative literature:

- PFRS Accounting Standards;
- PAS Standards; and
- Interpretation of the Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC), Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC) and International Financial Reporting Interpretatins Commmittee (IFRIC) which have been approved by the Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (FSRSC) and adopted by SEC.

## 28.3 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 and for the period ended September 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the group ceases control over a subsidiary.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- a. power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee):
- b. exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- c. the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- a. the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- b. rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- c. the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same accounting period as the Parent Company using uniform accounting policies. All significant intercompany transactions and balances between and among the Group, including intercompany profits and unrealized profits, are eliminated in the consolidation.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets in the subsidiaries not held by the Group and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the equity holders of the parent.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity as "Equity reserve" and attributed to the owners of the Parent Company.

If the Group losses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interests and other components of equity, while the resultant gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. Any investment retained is recognized at fair value.

## 28.4 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective as at January 1, 2024. The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

## PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements (Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants)

Amendments made to PAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements in 2020 and 2022 clarified that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the entity's expectations or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant).

The amendments require disclosures if an entity classifies a liability as non-current and that liability is subject to covenants that the entity must comply with within 12 months of the reporting date. The disclosures include:

- · the carrying amount of the liability
- information about the covenants, and
- facts and circumstances, if any, that indicate that the entity may have difficulty complying with the covenants.

The amendments also clarify what PAS 1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instrument can only be ignored for the purpose of classifying the liability as current or noncurrent if the entity classifies the option as an equity instrument. However, conversion options that are classified as a liability must be considered when determining the current/non-current classification of a convertible note.

The amendments has been applied retrospectively in accordance with the normal requirements in PAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'.

## Amendments to PFRS 16, 'Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback'

The amendments specify that, in measuring the lease liability subsequent to the sale and leaseback, the seller-lessee determines 'lease payments' and 'revised lease payments' in a way that does not result in the seller-lessee recognising any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right-of-use that it retains. This could particularly impact sale and leaseback transactions where the lease payments include variable payments that do not depend on an index or a rate.

## Adoption of PIC Q&A 2018-12, PFRS 15 Implementation Issues Affecting the Real Estate Industry (as amended by PIC Q&As 2020-02 and 2020-04)

On February 14, 2018, the PIC issued PIC Q&A 2018-12 which provides guidance on some PFRS 15 implementation issues affecting the real estate industry. On October 25, 2018 and February 08, 2019, the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) issued SEC MC No. 14-2018 and SEC MC No. 3-2019, respectively, providing relief to the real estate industry by deferring the application of certain provisions of this PIC Q&A for a period of three years until December 31, 2020.

On December 15, 2020, the SEC issued SEC MC No. 34-2020 which further extended the deferral of certain provisions of the PIC Q&A until December 31, 2023. The PIC Q&A provisions covered by the SEC deferral

that the Parent Company availed pertain to 'Assessing if the transaction price includes a significant financing component as discussed in PIC Q&A 2018-12-D (as amended by PIC Q&A 2020-04)' with allowed deferral period until December 31, 2023.

Effective January 1, 2024, the Group adopted the PIC Q&A No. 2018-12. The Group followed the allowed modified retrospective approach allowing it to adjust the beginning balance of equity in 2024. The adjustment on the 2024 beginning balance of Retained earnings is an increase of P247.25 million. The Group assessed that the overall impact of the adoption of the requirement of PIC Q&A No. 2018-12 pertaining to significant financing component is not material to the financial statements of the Group.

## Future Changes in Accounting Policies

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Group does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Group intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

## Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments - Amendments to PFRS 9 and PFRS 7 (Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2026)

On May 30, 2024, the IASB issued targeted amendments to PFRS 9 and PFRS 7 to respond to recent questions arising in practice, and to include new requirements not only for financial institutions but also for corporate entities. These amendments:

- clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of some financial assets and liabilities, with a new exception for some financial liabilities settled through an electronic cash transfer system;
- clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criterion;
- add new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cashflows (such as some financial instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance targets); and
- update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The adoption of the above amendments is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

## PFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2027)

PFRS 18 will replace PAS 1 Presentation of financial statements, introducing new requirements that will help to achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities and provide more relevant information and transparency to users. Even though PFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the financial statements, its impacts on presentation and disclosure are expected to be pervasive, in particular those related to the statement of financial performance and providing management-defined performance measures within the financial statements.

Management is currently assessing the detailed implications of applying the new standard on the Group's consolidated financial statements. From the high-level preliminary assessment performed, the following potential impacts have been identified:

- Although the adoption of PFRS 18 will have no impact on the Group's net profit, the Group expects
  that grouping items of income and expenses in the statement of profit or loss into the new categories
  will impact how operating profit is calculated and reported. From the high-level impact assessment
  that the Group has performed, the following items might potentially impact operating profit:
- Foreign exchange differences currently aggregated in the line item 'other income and other gains/(losses) - net' in operating profit might need to be disaggregated, with some foreign exchange gains or losses presented below operating profit.

The line items presented on the primary financial statements might change as a result of the application of the concept of 'useful structured summary' and the enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation. In addition, since goodwill will be required to be separately presented in the statement of financial position, the Group will disaggregate goodwill and other intangible assets and present them separately in the statement of financial position.

The Group does not expect there to be a significant change in the information that is currently disclosed in the notes because the requirement to disclose material information remains unchanged; however, the way in which the information is grouped might change as a result of the aggregation/disaggregation principles. In addition, there will be significant new disclosures required for:

- · management-defined performance measures;
- a break-down of the nature of expenses for line items presented by function in the operating category of the statement of profit or loss this break-down is only required for certain nature expenses; and
- for the first annual period of application of PFRS 18, a reconciliation for each line item in the statement of profit or loss between the restated amounts presented by applying PFRS 18 and the amounts previously presented applying PAS 1.

From a cash flow statement perspective, there will be changes to how interest received and interest paid are presented. Interest paid will be presented as financing cash flows and interest received as investing cash flows, which is a change from current presentation as part of operating cash flows.

The Group will apply the new standard from its mandatory effective date of January 1, 2027.

Retrospective application is required, and so the comparative information for the financial year ending December 31, 2026 will be restated in accordance with PFRS 18.

## 28.5 Financial Instruments

## Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: (a) financial assets at amortized cost, (b) fair value through profit or loss and (c) fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI). The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

The Company's financial assets at amortized cost category comprise of cash and cash equivalents (Note 2), receivables (Note 3) and amounts owned to related parties (Note 15) refundable deposits under other current assets (Note 7).

For financial asset at fair value through OCI, the Company had designated listed equity securities and quoted debt securities as not held for trading where management consider these investments to be strategic in nature (Note 5).

For financial asset at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), the Company had designated equity investment as held for trading financial asset where management intended to hold them for the medium to long-term. The Company's financial asset at FVPL consist of investment in redeemable preferred shares and UITF (Note 6).

## Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes an allowance for ECLs for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from other credit enhancements (e.g., lessee's deposit) that are integral to the contractual terms.

For trade receivables except real estate receivable, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. The Group does not track changes in credit risk, instead, recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime

ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Vintage approach accounts for expected credit losses by calculating the cumulative loss rates of a given real estate receivable pool. It derives the probability of default from the historical data of a homogenous portfolio that share the same origination period. The information on the number of defaults during fixed time intervals of the accounts is utilized to create the probability of default model.

It allows the evaluation of the loan activity from its origination period until the end of the contract period. In addition to primary drivers like macroeconomic indicators of qualitative factors such as, but not limited to, forward-looking data on inflation rate was added to the expected loss calculation to reach a forecast supported by both quantitative and qualitative data points.

The probability of default is applied to the estimate of the loss arising on default which is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the Group would expect to receive, including from the repossession of the subject real estate property, net of cash outflows. For purposes of calculating loss given default, accounts are segmented based on the type of facility. In calculating the recovery rates, the Group considered collections of cash and/or cash from resale of real estate properties after foreclosure, net of direct costs of obtaining and selling the real estate properties after the default event such as commission and refurbishment. As these are future cash flows, these are discounted back to the time of default using the appropriate effective interest rate, usually being the original effective interest rate (EIR) or an approximation thereof.

The Group considers a financial asset in default generally when contractual payments are 30 days past due for commercial leasing and 90 days past due for real estate and property development or when sales are cancelled supported by a notarized cancellation letter executed by the Group and customer. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

For other financial assets such as nontrade receivables, insurance receivables, amounts owed by related parties, refundable deposits and other receivables, ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12—months (a 12—month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. The Group uses the ratings from Standard and Poor's (S&P), Moody's and Fitch to determine whether the debt instrument has significantly increased in credit risk (i.e., no longer low credit risk). The probability of default and loss given defaults are publicly available and are used by the Group to estimate ECLs. It is the Group's policy to measure ECLs on such instruments on a 12- month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL.

The Group's debt instruments at fair value through OCI comprise solely of government securities. The Group considers a debt investment security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade'.

## Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories: (a) financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL); and (b) financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is composed of two sub-categories: financial liabilities classified as held for trading and financial liabilities designated by the Group as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

Management determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group's financial liabilities at amortized cost consist of accounts payables and accrued expenses (Note 11), amounts owned to related parties (Note 15), long-term debt (Note 12), rental and other deposits (Note 13) and lease liabilities (Note 23).

#### 28.6 Fair Value Measurement

The Group classifies its fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The appropriate level is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

## 28.7 Real Estate Held for Development and Sale

Real estate held for development and sale is carried at the lower of cost and NRV. NRV is the selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion, marketing and distribution. Cost includes acquisition cost of the land plus development and improvement costs.

## 28.8 Investments in Joint Ventures

Investments in joint ventures are accounted under the equity method of accounting.

Under the equity method, the investments in the investee companies are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus pose-acquisition changes in the Group's share in the net assets of the investee companies, less any impairments in values. The consolidated statement of income reflects the share of the results of the operations of the investee companies. The Group's share of post-acquisition movements in the investee's equity reserves is recognized directly in equity. Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the investee companies are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the investee companies and for unrealized losses to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. Dividends received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the investment.

## 28.9 Investment Properties

Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is stated at cost less any impairment in value. Depreciation and amortization of investment properties are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the investment properties as follows:

	Useful life in years
Land improvements	30
Buildings and improvements	7-40
Machineries and equipment	9-25

Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter.

## 28.10 Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation, amortization and any impairment in value. Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the property and equipment as follows:

	Useful life in years
Leasehold improvements	3-5
Buildings	30
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Transportation equipment	5
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-5

Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over three (3) to five (5) years or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter.

#### 28.11 Combinations of Entities Under Common Control

Combinations of entities under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method. The pooling of interest method is generally considered to involve the following:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected in the consolidated financial statements at their carrying amounts as at date of acquisition. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize any new assets or liabilities, at the date of the combination. The only adjustments that are made are those adjustments to harmonize accounting policies.
- No new goodwill is recognized as a result of the combination. The only goodwill that is recognized
  is any existing goodwill relating to either of the combining entities. Any difference between the
  consideration paid or transferred and the equity acquired is reflected within equity.

## 28.12 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Contract with Customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, except for the provisioning of water, electricity, air- conditioning and common use service area in its mall retail spaces, wherein it is acting as agent.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in Note 28.

#### (i) Real estate sales

The Group derives its real estate revenue from sale of industrial lots. Revenue from sale of industrial lots are recognized over time during the development period (or percentage of completion) since based on the terms and conditions of its contract with the customers, the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

In measuring the progress of its performance obligation over time, the Group uses the output method. The Group recognizes revenue based on direct measurements of the value to customers of the goods or services transferred to date, relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract. Progress is measured using survey of performance completed to date.

This is based on the monthly project accomplishment report prepared by the third-party surveyor as approved by the construction manager which integrates the surveys of performance to date of the construction activities for both sub-contracted and those that are fulfilled by the developer itself.

Contract costs include all direct materials and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance. Expected losses on contracts are recognized immediately when it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue. Changes in contract performance, contract conditions and estimated profitability are recognized in the year in which the changes are determined.

## (ii) Rental and Rent Concessions

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight- line basis over the lease terms.

Rental concessions are treated as reductions to the rental income granted to lessees and accounted for as variable rent.

## (iii) Cold Storage Revenue

The Group recognizes revenue from cold storage services over time using the output method as the customer receives and consumes the benefit from the performance of the related storage service. As a practical expedient allowed under PFRS 15, the Group recognizes revenue in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice since the Group bills a fixed and variable amount every month.

## (iv) Interest Income

For all financial instruments measured at amortized cost and interest-bearing financial assets classified as financial assets at FVOCI and AFS financial assets, interest income is recorded using the EIR, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

## (v) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognized when the Group's right to receive the payment is established.

## 28.13 Income Tax

#### Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishing provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts to be paid to tax authorities.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets are recognized only if it us probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

## 28.14 Retirement Benefits Costs

The Group has a funded, non-contributory defined benefit retirement plan.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plans is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. This method reflects service rendered by employees to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning the employees' projected salaries.

Defined benefit costs comprise the following:

- Service cost
- Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset
- Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset

Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on non-routine settlements are recognized as retirement benefits costs under "Personnel expenses" in the consolidated statement of income. Past service costs are recognized when plan amendment or curtailment occurs. These amounts are calculated periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on government bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized as "Interest income (expense)" in the consolidated statement of income.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest on defined benefit liability) are recognized immediately in OCI in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Plan assets are assets that are held by a long-term employee benefit fund or qualifying insurance policies. Plan assets are not available to the creditors of the Group, nor can they be paid directly to the Group. Fair value of plan assets is based on market price information. When no market price is available, the fair value of plan assets is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects both the risk associated with the plan assets and the maturity or expected disposal date of those assets (or, if they have no maturity, the expected period until the settlement of the related obligations).

The Group's right to be reimbursed of some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation is recognized as a separate asset at fair value when and only when reimbursement is virtually certain.

## 28.15 Leases (Group as a lessee)

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes. In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated). The Company considers the factors below as the most relevant in assessing the options:

- If there are significant penalties to terminate (or not extend), the Company is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- If any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, the Company is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- Otherwise, the Company considers other factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the Incremental Borrowing Rate (IBR) at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third-party financing was received
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third-party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g., term, country, currency and security.

After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases and all leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less without a purchase option.

# AYALALAND LOGISTICS HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES AGING OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As at September 30, 2025

	AMOUNT
Current	3,801,714
1 to 30 days	1,848
31 to 60 days	34,970
61 to 90 days	60,138
Over 90 days	623,290
Total trade receivables	4,521,960
Non-trade receivables	532,531
Total gross receivables	5,054,491
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(284,546)
Total receivables, net of allowance	4,769,945